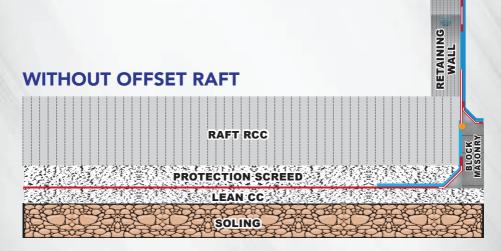


ADVANCE WATERPROOFING SYSTEM FOR SUBSTRUCTURE (BASEMENT / FOUNDATION)

WITH OFFSET RAFT RAFT RCC PROTECTION SCREED LEAN CC SOLING















STEP # 1.0 **SOLING**

SASSIZLEAN CUS SOLING

WHAT IS SOLING?

Soling is the process of hand packing rubble stones one adjacent to another, to provide a stable base to the foundation and footing, before concreting work. Rubble or boulder soling is done to enhance the bearing capacity of the soil, where hard strata are not applicable.



WHAT IS LEAN?

LEAN CC

STEP # 2.0

Lean concrete is made up of low cementitious material content. It is primarily poured through chutes, conveyor buckets, or pumps. It is used in various areas where support and strength are not critical. The mixture is highly liquid when compared to real concrete and is self-leveling, making it ideal for saving time.



STEP # 3.0

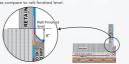
BLOCK MASONRY WITH OFFSET RAFT:







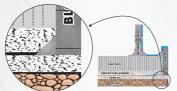






LEAN COVING:

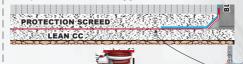
ing is the technique of installing small barriers lining the edges of a floor where it meets the wall (referred to as coves, es are generally rounded 45-degree angles which slope upwards, preventing a hard 90-degree angle where floor and



STEP#3.1

LEAN COATING:

Apply the mixed MEGA WATER SEAL PRO (PROFESSIONAL GRADE HIGHLY FLEXIBLE TWO COMPONENT ACRYLIC CEMENTITIOUS COATING) to the prepared surface of lean and work in thoroughly using a hard broom brush. Fully cover the whole surface area with the bonding agent.





LEAN COVING COATING:







GA MESH FG-720

SH FG-720 (A HI-TECH NON-WOVEN FABRIC WITH AN EXCELLENT ABRASION RESISTANCE)







CRITICAL AREA BORDER COATING:

Apply the MEGA WATER GUARD (SINGLE COMPONENT POLYURETHANE BASED FLASTOMERIC COATING)

It will start from 5 feet before lean coving and









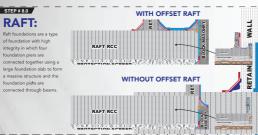
PROTECTION SCREED:

PROTECTION SCREED LEAN CC

properly and develop adequate strength is as important as







STEP # 9.1 **COATING OVER THE JOINED OF**

MEGA MESH FG-720 (HIGHLY VERSATILE GLASS FIBRE MESH FOR EXCELLENT BOND & REINFORCEMENT) reinforcement 12° along with base and top coat of MEGA WATER SEAL PRO to ensure critical areas additional strenght waterproofing treatment





RAFT AND RETAINING WALL:



GAP FILLING BETWEEN RAFT

AND BLOCK MASONRY:



Without Offset Raft

With Offset Raft

STEP # 9.2

COVING (AFTER CURING PERIOD OF MAX BOND): hall barriers lining the edges of a floor where it meets the wall (referred to as 5-degree angles which slope upwards, preventing a hard 90-degree angle wh





STEP # 9.0

STEP # 11.0

JOINING RETAINING WALL: Use MAGE LATEX SBR (STYRENE BUTADIENE RUBBER LIQUID ADMIXTURE & BONDING AGENT)





RETAINING WALL:

orting soil laterally so that it can be retained at ent levels on the two sides. Retaining walls are would not naturally keep to (typically a steep

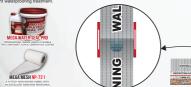
cal or vertical slope). They are used to b een two different elevati terrain possessing undesirable slopes or in areas where cape needs to be shaped severely and red for more specific purposes like hillside ing or roadway overpasses



STEP # 12.0

OUTER SIDE JOINED RETAINING WALL:

MEGA MESH NP-721 (A HI-TECH NON-WOVEN FABRIC WITH AN EXCELLENT ABRASION RESISTANCE) reement 4" / 6" / 8" along with base and top coat of MEGA WATER SEAL PRO to ensure critical areas addition that waterproofing treatment.





RAFT & RETANING WALL COVING:



COVING COATING:

MEGA MESH NP-721 (A HI-TECH NON-WOVEN FABRIC WITH AN EXCELLENT ABRASION RESISTANCE) reinforcement 4° / 6° / 8° along with base and top coat of MEGA WATER SEAL PRO to ensure critical areas is strength waterproofing treatment.



STEP # 15.0

RETANING WALL COATING:

Apply the MEGA WATER GUARD (SINGLE COMPONENT POLYURETHANE BASED ELASTOMERIC COATING) to the surface of raft & retaining wall.





